

Lake Forest Park

APPROVED MAY 22, 2014

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1 Principles of Government

1.1 Form of Government

The City of Lake Forest Park was incorporated in 1961 and operates as a non-charter code city with a Mayor-Council form of government. The Mayor and seven City Councilmembers are non-partisan elected officials who serve four-year terms. Municipal elections are held in November of odd-numbered years and terms are staggered so that no more than four positions are up for election every two years.

1.2 Legislative Branch

The City Council is the legislative body of the City. It enacts laws and regulations, establishes policy direction for the City, establishes tax and fee rates, adopts an Annual Budget, and approves payments of all City moneys.

1.3 Executive Branch

The Mayor is the chief executive and administrative officer and ceremonial head of the City. The Mayor is in charge of all departments and employees and has authority to designate assistants and department heads.

1.4 Judicial Branch

Lake Forest Park has its own Municipal Court, which is organized under [Revised Code of Washington \(RCW\) 3.50](#) as a limited jurisdiction court to hear misdemeanor crimes and civil infractions committed within its geographical boundaries. The Presiding Judge is appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by the City Council for a four-year term.

1.5 Guiding Principles

Guiding principles establish the values that Lake Forest Park elected officials, employees, and volunteers embody.

A. Collaboration

We achieve greater results through collaborative engagement of each other and the communities around us.

B. Equity

Our actions provide all people with access to a good quality of life.

C. Accountability

We are committed to addressing the concerns and priorities of Lake Forest Park through transparent community engagement, decisions and actions.

D. Stewardship

We are effective, efficient, financially prudent and innovative stewards of the public's resources, and strive to achieve sustainable results through continuous improvement.

E. Integrity

We uphold the high standards, skills, competencies, and integrity of our professions in doing the work of City government.

2 Legislative Branch

2.1 Organization of City Council

The Council shall, biennially in even years, elect a Chair and Vice Chair of the Council at its first regular Council meeting of the year.

2.2 Duties of the Council Chair

The Council Chair shall coordinate the business of the Council and is the primary liaison for the Council with the Mayor and City Administrator. The Chair's duties include, but are not limited to:

- A. Meet regularly with the Mayor and the City Administrator to review and approve Council agendas;
- B. Represent the Council at the Quarterly Commission Chairs meetings;
- C. Coordinate reporting on achievement of the Council's work plan;
- D. Serve as the Deputy Mayor and preside over meetings of the Council at which the Mayor is not present ([RCW 35A.12.110](#)); and
- E. Act as City's ceremonial head in the Mayor's absence.

2.3 The Council Chair May Embody Other Leadership Roles

By consensus of its members, the City Council may assign other roles and duties to the Council Chair pursuant to the authority granted to the Council in [RCW 35A.12.120](#) for the conduct of Council business. In doing so, the City Council is providing for its own efficiency and is not delegating or ceding its corporate legislative authority to the Chair of the Council.

2.4 Duties of the Vice Chair

The Vice Chair shall exercise the duties, powers and prerogatives of the Council Chair in the event of the Chair's absence.

2.5 Service on Regional Bodies

The Council designates by motion the individual(s) to serve in liaison roles based on the desire, qualifications and skills of those interested. Councilmembers and the Mayor may make interest in being a representative known prior to the time the representative is considered, and are eligible to be selected.

2.6 Council Commissions Liaisons

The Council designates, by motion, members to serve as liaisons to each of the Commissions.

3 Functioning of City Council

3.1 Importance of Open Public Meetings

The City shall comply with the Open Public Meetings Act under Washington law ([RCW 42.30](#)).

3.2 Representatives of the City Act in Accordance with City Policies

It is a duty of City Councilmembers, the Mayor and City staff who represent the City to advocate positions that are consistent with the City Council's adopted or approved policies, projects, and plans. Should the circumstance occur in which a staff member is in a position of leadership in a professional association, the staff member shall make it clear as to which entity (the City or the professional association) is being represented. As well, in the rare occasion the elected official is

Lake Forest Park

expressing the official's personal interest or that of another organization, the identity of the interest being expressed shall be made clear.

3.3 Council is Mindful of Limited Resources

Council expense reimbursement is limited by policy to budget and requires receipts. An annual Council Budget is determined each year during the Budget process.

3.4 Council Authorizes Certain Grant Applications Before Submittal

The Administration is authorized to submit grant applications that align with the goals and priorities of the City and adopted policy. If a grant would require material matching dollars affecting current budget, impact policy, or require conditions inconsistent with current operations, the Administration will seek Council approval prior to applying. The Council may also initiate the process of pursuing a grant.

3.5 Citizen Volunteers Play an Important Role

For citizen advisory committees, boards and commissions, the Mayor is the appointing authority and the Council is the confirming authority.

3.6 Cell phones

Cell phones are allowed in the Council Chambers when they are on silent or meeting mode. Cell phone calls will be answered outside the Council Chambers during meetings.

3.7 Council E-mail Policy.

E-mail viewed by four or more Councilmembers is not an appropriate venue for discussions of policy. Any e-mails, whether from a member of the Council or from City staff, that are to be viewed by at least four Councilmembers shall include a copy to the City Clerk so that they may be included as part of the City's official record. Councilmembers shall not reply to all other Councilmembers or a quorum of the Council by e-mail to discuss policy; and, in no case, shall Councilmembers make decisions by e-mail.

4 Council Meetings

The Council is required to act as a corporate body in a very transparent manner. All Council and Committee meetings are open to the public and have established rules for notification and process.

4.1 The "Three-Touch" Rule

Decision makers and citizens of the City should have adequate time to thoughtfully consider the issues prior to final decisions. It is the intent of the Council that the Council and Administration should abide by the "Three-Touch Rule" whenever possible (unless an exception applies). The following procedural guidelines are designed to avoid "surprises" to the Council, Administration and citizens.

Any pending request or proposal for adopting or changing public policy, ordinances, resolutions or directives which will require a decision of the City Council or Administration should normally "touch" (oral, written or any combination thereof) the decision makers at least three separate times. Quasijudicial matters and any subject discussed in Executive Sessions are excluded from application of the "Three-Touch Rule."

Lake Forest Park

It is recognized that the hands of decision makers should not be tied unnecessarily. Unexpected circumstances may arise wherein observance of the "Three-Touch Rule" is impractical. However, when unusual circumstances arise which justify a "first discussion" decision, the persons requesting the expedited decision should also explain the timing need. The "Three-Touch Rule" excludes staff reports and other general communications not requiring a future Council decision.

4.2 City Staff – Attendance at Meetings

Attendance at meetings by City staff shall be at the discretion of the Mayor. It is the intent of the Council that the Mayor schedule adequate administrative support for the business at hand, while protecting the productive capability of department heads. When sound system or other monitoring capabilities exist, the City Administrator may allow personnel to utilize time in their offices or other areas while waiting for the item of business for which appearance before the Council is required.

4.3 Administrative Presentations and Briefings

In order to enhance public understanding of complex issues being presented, City Administration is encouraged to include the use of visual communication tools whenever possible.

4.4 Special Council Meetings

Special meetings shall be called as provided in the Open Public Meetings Act and as otherwise required by RCW. Special meetings will be strictly limited to time-sensitive matters that cannot be accommodated within regular business meetings or work/study sessions. The notice of a special meeting shall identify the agenda item(s). The notice of meeting shall suffice as the meeting's agenda.

4.5 Public Notice

Notice of all meetings and hearings shall be provided as required by the Open Public Meetings Act and as otherwise required by the RCW and Lake Forest Park Municipal Code (LFPMC). Notice of regular, special and study session meetings, along with draft agendas, shall be posted on City bulletin boards designated for public notice, any public library located in the City, Third Place Commons and the City website.

4.6 Use of Recycled Products

Material provided to the Council shall meet the City requirements for recycled content. The Council will be provided a container for recycling waste in the Council Chambers.

4.7 Remote Participation

A Councilmember may participate and vote telephonically or via other electronic means in all or part of a regular or special council meeting if the following conditions are met:

- A. The majority of the Council membership consents and such consent shall not be unreasonably withheld; and
- B. All persons participating in the meeting are able to hear each other at the same time, such as by the use of a speaker phone, computer speaker or other amplification; and
- C. Any technical prohibitions or difficulties that prevent all parties present at the Council meeting from adequately hearing and speaking to each other shall be addressed immediately; and

Lake Forest Park

- D. The Councilmember participating telephonically or via other electronic means bears any costs of such participation but may use the communications equipment owned by the city at City Hall without charge.

4.8 Council Meetings Open to the Public

Council differentiates among five types of public meetings: (1) committee meetings; (2) work/study sessions (and single-issue workshops); (3) business meetings; (4) goal-setting retreats; and (5) public meetings, forums and town halls. All meetings of the Council and of any Committees thereof shall be open to the public, except as provided for in [RCW 42.30.110](#) or [RCW 42.30.140](#).

4.9 Council Committees

Council Committees are a part of the governance structure that extends the reach of the Council and makes it effective between meetings. Council Committees are established to inform and educate the Council on existing City programs and issues, to provide an opportunity to explore the implications of policy alternatives as part of the policy development process, and to serve in an advisory capacity to the Council in reviewing policy matters referred to them by the Council, and such other matters as the Council, by simple majority vote, may direct. The Committees shall have no power or authority to commit the City or to take any binding action on their part without the express authorization of the Council. The Committees shall be concerned primarily with policy matters and matters vested in the legislative body of the City and shall not become involved in the administration of the City government.

- A. All Council Committee meetings shall be open to the public and posted at City Hall per the Open Public Meetings Act. Participation by Councilmembers not named to the Committee, the Mayor, other public officials and the public shall be at the discretion of the Chair of the Committee.
- B. It is the responsibility of the Chair of the Committee to notify the City Clerk of the date, time and place of any Council Committee meeting, and to provide a committee agenda at least seven calendar days prior to committee meeting. The City Clerk will arrange for notice to be conveyed to the public, the Mayor and all Councilmembers.
- C. The Mayor will work with the Chair of each committee to assign staff to support Committee deliberations. The Chair of each Committee will report on their deliberations and recommendations to the Council after each Committee meeting.
- D. Council may change membership of Committees by majority consent.
- E. The following Council Committees and Committee responsibilities are hereby established:

- 1. **Council Committee of the Whole:** All seven Councilmembers serve on the Committee of the Whole. The Council Chair shall chair the Committee. The Committee considers policy issues of concern to the entire Council, with the exception of issues of specific concern to other Council Committees that are charged with specific responsibilities, such as the Budget and Finance Committee.

The Committee of the Whole may send legislation and policy issues for final action by the Council during a Council business meeting.

The Committee is responsible for the Council's annual work program, rules procedures and organization for council operations and city governance, the City's

Lake Forest Park

state and federal legislative agenda, complex interdisciplinary issues that are beyond the scope of other policy committees and may host public meetings.

2. **Budget and Finance Committee:** Three Councilmembers serve on the Committee. The Committee is responsible for the review and recommendations associated with current and projected financial conditions, supplemental budget considerations, finance, reserve and financial operational policies, audits, financial reports, the review and tracking of capital improvement projects, and salary schedules.

The Chair of the committee or his/her designee on the committee will recommend approval of checks or warrants drawn on behalf of the City, except for payroll.

The Committee is responsible for reviewing the Mayor's proposed biennial and interim budget and recommending a biennial and interim budget to the Council for consideration.

For purposes of considering the Mayor's proposed biennial and interim budget and recommending a biennial and interim budget, all seven Councilmembers shall be members of the Committee. The Chair is responsible for notifying the City Clerk of any Committee agenda that will contain consideration of the Mayor's proposed biennial budget or recommendations related to a biennial budget.

4.10 Council Work Sessions

Council work sessions are meetings of the Council at which legislative proposals and proposals relating to city administration, inter-governmental relations, or other city business are studied, discussed and evaluated by the Councilmembers. Work sessions will normally be held in an informal, collegial setting conducive to discussion. Council work sessions are the primary venue for briefings and presentations. Public comment will not be taken at the work session.

4.10.1 Schedule of Work Sessions

Work sessions of the Council of the City of Lake Forest Park shall be held on the second Thursday of each month, January through December of each year. Council work sessions shall be held at 6:00 p.m. at Lake Forest Park City Hall, located at 17425 Ballinger Way NE, Lake Forest Park, Washington, 98155.

4.10.2 Work Session Agendas

A. Work session agendas will include:

1. Call to Order
2. Pledge of Allegiance
3. Adoption of Agenda
4. Confirmation Review Calendar
5. Council Discussion Topics
6. Adjourn

Lake Forest Park

B. Agendas will list the following elements for each Council Discussion Topic:

1. Subject: The project designation or descriptive name for the item. The person requesting the item should use the same title in any subsequent business.
2. Identify the Discussion Leader: The person who will introduce the subject and give the background information; identify the discussion goal; and act as facilitator to keep the discussion focused toward the goal.
3. Activity: A brief description and time estimate of the discussion necessary for the Council to speak to the question posed in the “Goal” column.
4. Goal: The reasonable outcome contemplated, whether a final action, advancement to a future agenda, just a “touch” according to the “Three-Touch Rule,” or for general information.
5. Time: Estimated time for presentation and discussion of the item.

C. Board, Commission and Youth Council Engagement

Boards, Commissions and the Youth Council may request a place on the agenda in advance of the meeting. The specific date shall be within three work session meetings and coordinated through the agenda preparation and review meeting.

4.11 Regular Business Meetings

A regular business meeting is a meeting convened on a regular series of dates (and at a time) stated in City ordinance. A regular or special meeting of the Council is primarily for the purpose of voting on the City’s business, generally in the form of motions, resolutions or ordinances.

4.11.1 Schedule of Regular Business Meetings

Regular business meetings of the Council of the City of Lake Forest Park shall be held on the second and fourth Thursdays of each month, January through the second week of December each year. Regular business meetings shall be held at 7:00 p.m. at the City Hall Council Chambers, located at 17425 Ballinger Way N E, Lake Forest Park, Washington, 98155.

4.11.2 Public Comment

A business meeting typically includes public comment for a limited period of time stated in advance on the agenda, during which a member of the public may address the Council on any matter of public concern (whether or not on the agenda) for up to three minutes. The actual time allowed for individual public comment shall be determined by the presiding officer and stated publicly at the beginning of the public comment period.

- A. Any member of the public wishing to address the Council will fill in the sign-in sheet provided for that purpose. Speakers must be recognized by the chair, come forward to the microphone and identify themselves by name, address, and organization, if any, and state the agenda item or topic they are addressing before proceeding. The speaker shall abide by the time limits established for the particular hearing or comment period. The Mayor shall announce this rule at the beginning of any meeting or hearing.
- B. Lengthy comments should be submitted in written form and presented in summary within the allotted time. The Council encourages written comments be submitted for consideration on all issues. The City Administration will provide a written summary of all questions asked by citizens. The Mayor is responsible for providing a City response to the questions and will inform the Council of his/her follow-up actions.

Lake Forest Park

4.11.3 Public Hearings

Public hearings required by State law shall be held before the Council, but legislative action shall not be taken during such a hearing. Public hearings may be scheduled during a regular meeting or a special meeting.

- A. The Chair shall open the hearing and state its subject, explain the rule governing public participation, limit the period for individual comments (3 to 5 minutes, depending on the subject), confirm the duration of the hearing, and, if necessary, arrange for continuation of the hearing. If appropriate, a City representative will provide background information, and then speakers will be recognized by the Chair in order according to the sign-in sheet. The public hearing typically occurs during a publicly noticed portion of a regular or special meeting of Council, where the time of the hearing has been stated in the prior public notice.
- B. The Council may request the Administration to respond to any question raised and not answered during the hearing.

4.11.4 Business Meeting Agendas

Proposed agendas shall state the date, time, and location of the Council meeting. Proposed agendas shall be delivered in electronic format to members of the Council no later than two days before the meeting date. The agenda will be posted at city hall, the Council Chambers and the library by 5:00 p.m. on the Friday preceding the meeting. Updated agendas will be posted by 12:00 noon on the day of the meeting.

- A. Regular Meeting Agendas shall include:
 - 1. Call to Order: 7:00 p.m.
 - 2. Pledge of Allegiance
 - 3. Proclamations
 - 4. Adoption of Agenda
 - 5. Public Hearings
 - 6. Citizen Comment
 - 7. Consent Calendar
 - 8. Final Confirmation
 - 9. Ordinances and Resolutions for Introduction/Referral
 - 10. Ordinances and Resolutions for Council Discussion
 - 11. Ordinances and Resolutions for Action
 - 12. Council Discussion and Action
 - 13. Council Committee Reports
 - 14. Council/Mayor/City Administrator Reports
 - 15. Other Business
 - 16. Executive Session
 - 17. Adjourn
 - 18. Future Schedule
- B. The Consent Calendar is used for Council action items that do not need further discussion at the Regular Business meeting either because they are routine, such as contract renewal, or have been thoroughly vetted as a function of the Work Session. Councilmembers may request that any item on the Consent Calendar be removed to Council Discussion and Action.

Lake Forest Park

- C. Business items on the agenda shall be annotated with the expected work and action of the Council for that item at that meeting. There shall be a bold notice at the bottom of all agenda pages indicating that the council may take action on items not on the agenda or may take other actions on agenda items that are not annotated, as allowed by Washington State law and in the best interest of the City.
- D. Citizen Comments shall be held at or as close to the beginning of the meeting as possible.
- E. Each agenda item should be annotated with the allotted time and requested Council action.
- F. Executive Sessions will be convened only for purposes allowed by the Open Public Meetings Act. The Mayor may convene Executive Sessions at any time during a Council meeting. The Mayor shall announce the general purpose of the session and the associated RCW reference, its anticipated duration, and if the Council may take action after returning to the regular meeting. The Mayor shall interrupt an Executive Session exceeding its announced duration and notify the public of an extension and its estimated duration. At the conclusion of the Executive Session, the Mayor shall reconvene the Council meeting and resume Council business. No action shall be taken in an Executive Session. Only those staff members whose presence is required for the topic currently under discussion should remain in the Council Chambers during an Executive Session.
- G. Confirmation Review may be placed at any time during the meeting.
- H. No less than five copies of proposed ordinances on the agenda shall be available to the public on the public information table before consideration of such ordinances by the Council during the meeting. Every effort shall be made to provide sufficient public copies in anticipation of the interest in specific issues at the meeting.

4.11.5 Councilmember Requested Agenda Items

Members should notify the City Clerk by noon on the preceding Friday of requested agenda items, particularly those requiring final action at the same meeting. The deadline for the updated agenda is 9:00 a.m. on the day of the meeting.

4.11.6 Council's Business Meetings Will Be Efficient and Businesslike

The information exchange, review, deliberation, and vetting of issues during the prior Work Session enables Council business meetings to be expeditious. The Presiding Officer's role, especially at the business meeting, is to keep Council business focused and expeditious.

4.11.7 Inauguration

Prior to the end of November of odd numbered years, the Council shall set a day and time for the official City inauguration of newly elected officials, which shall occur prior to and apart from the first regular meeting. The inauguration purpose is a public celebration of community unity and pride in Lake Forest Park with the beginning of a new biennial period in the City's history.

4.11.8 Organizational Meeting

At the first regular meeting in January following an election, the Council shall begin the meeting with an organizational agenda as follows:

- A. Adoption of Governance Manual
- B. Election of Council Chair and Vice Chair
- C. Appointment of Committee Chairs and Vice Chairs

Lake Forest Park

4.12 Goal Setting Retreats

A retreat is generally a Special Meeting called for the purpose of very informal discussion dealing with goals, objectives and guidelines for future activity of the organization. At a retreat, the Council may, for example, develop goals and objectives for its own organization for the year, consider priorities for the Council work plan, consider priorities and goals for the citizen commissions, or set goals for the City. These goals should be elements of annual performance evaluations. Although a detailed listing of the City's activity plan for a coming year may result from informal consensus, formal adoption should be made in a regular Council meeting by motion or resolution. Retreats are open to the public, but participation is limited to Councilmembers and others that are designated by the Council, such as a facilitator.

4.13 Public Meetings

The Council may organize other meetings with the public in various settings outside of City Hall, such as public forums, presentations to community organizations, town halls, and so on. In such settings, the meeting shall ideally include one or more Councilmembers and one or more members of the Administration.

4.13.1 Public Forums

When major public policy development warrants, and after adequate preparation of issues and alternatives, public forums can be used to help develop a public consensus on the issues. The general procedure would be to provide basic information, to explore alternatives and options and to receive verbal and written public comments.

4.13.2 Community Forums

Community Forums are informal public meetings, functions, or events convened to engage residents and stakeholders. Such meetings are convened as special Council or Committee meetings, where Council attendance is recorded and Council decisions are not typically made. These meetings typically involve significant collaboration and work effort with the City Administration and as such are jointly planned by the Administration and designated Councilmember(s).

5 Council Deliberations

5.1 Effective Decision-Making Requires Finality

Effective decision making results in finality and "moving on," and as a result, shall limit the prerogative to reconsider a Council decision. The process for reconsideration is such that immediately following a vote, if a Councilmember feels she/he voted incorrectly, she/he may immediately request a revote, stating the reason. A revote will be taken upon a majority vote to approve by the Council, and such consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.

5.2 Council Meeting Agendas Are Set by a Team

Agendas for Council Business Meetings and Work Sessions are routinely developed and refined by the Council Chair, the Mayor, and City Administrator or designee. The agenda-setting team shall review the next three months' meeting topics and coordinate other meetings to ensure staff work and public notices support the Council's work schedule.

The Administration shall establish a 12-month prospective calendar of agenda items for Council Business Meetings and Work Sessions, which shall be reviewed in the Committee of the Whole quarterly. Councilmembers should inform the Council Chair with regard to topic requests for

Lake Forest Park

upcoming agendas. The agenda setting team shall make every effort to reasonably accommodate requests in a timely manner.

5.3 Council Actions

Council actions take the form of motions, resolutions and ordinances. All actions require a motion and a second for discussion and then a majority vote of a quorum of the Council for adoption.

5.3.1 Motion

Only Councilmembers may discuss a motion pending before the Council. Others may address the Council only at the request of a Councilmember with the consent of the Council.

An adopted motion is a form of action taken by the Council to direct that a specific course of action be taken or executed on behalf of the municipality. A motion is similar to a resolution, but is generally oral, much shorter and worded in a more informal manner than a resolution. An adopted motion is the administrative equivalent of a resolution.

5.3.2 Resolution

An adopted resolution is a statement of legislative policy or direction concerning matters of special or temporary character. Council action shall be taken by resolution when required by law or in those instances where a written expression of legislative policy that is lengthier or more meticulously worded than a motion is desired. While resolutions are often just a statement of policy, a resolution may also have the force of law (e.g., a resolution setting permit fees, or a resolution declaring certain City property to be surplus).

5.3.3 Ordinance

An enacted Ordinance is a local law (legislative act) prescribing general rules of conduct. Council action shall be taken by ordinance when required by law, or where prescribed conduct may be enforced by penalty. An ordinance is a legislative act within the City Council's law-making sphere, similar to the way in which a statute is a legislative act of the State Legislature. The general guiding principle is that actions relating to subjects of a permanent and general character are usually regarded as legislative and should be addressed through an ordinance, and those providing for subjects of a temporary and special character are regarded as administrative and should be addressed through a resolution.

5.3.4 Motion to "Lay on the Table"

The motion to "lay on the table" shall require that the main motion be brought back to the Council at that meeting immediately after the final action item or immediately after the City Administrator's report, whichever comes first. This motion shall not be used to end discussion on an item. The proper motion to end discussion is to either move the previous question or to move to postpone indefinitely or to a definite time. In the latter case, the item remains on the agenda for the next meeting.

Lake Forest Park

5.3.5 Reconsideration-Revote

Any action of the Council (including without limitation a final action on applications for legislative changes in land use status), shall be subject to a motion to reconsider, except for:

- A. Any action previously reconsidered;
- B. Motions to adjourn or motions to suspend the rules; or
- C. A vote electing to office one that is present and does not decline.

Immediately following a vote a Councilmember, if he/she feels that he/she has incorrectly voted or that a fellow Councilmember has voted incorrectly, he/she can request a revote if approved by a majority of the Council. Approval is not to be unreasonably withheld.

5.3.6 Reconsideration-Mayor's Veto

The motion for reconsideration of an ordinance--Ordinance Veto Override--may be placed as the first item on the final action calendar at the next regular meeting or as an action item at a special meeting, following the filing of the Mayor's veto message. The motion may not be tabled or postponed. The Deputy Mayor will chair the meeting during this agenda item. The Mayor, if present, may have up to three minutes to address the Council. Council discussion on the motion will follow.

At the conclusion of discussion, if any, the Deputy Mayor shall put the motion to a vote. Councilmembers present shall cast an "aye" or "nay" vote unless they are recused. The vetoed ordinance must receive five affirmative votes to be adopted. Fewer than five votes for the ordinance shall mean that the veto is sustained.

5.3.7 Dissents and Protests

Any Councilmember shall have the right to express dissent from, or protest, orally or in writing, any motion, resolution or ordinance of the Council and have the reason therefore entered or retained in the minutes.

5.3.8 Comprehensive Plan Amendment

Such an amendment is a legislative act in which the Council amends all or part of the Comprehensive Plan after the Planning Commission has deliberated, held public hearings and made recommendation(s) to the Council. The Council likewise holds a public hearing before passage.

5.3.9 Budget Adoption

The Council adopts or amends the budget document for the City on an annual or biennial basis. Although the budget is a maximum spending plan, it must be managed by the Mayor and City Administrator to operate within actual revenue received for each fund.

5.3.10 Capital Facilities Plan (CFP) Adoption or Amendment

The CFP is a 6-year capital facility and infrastructure development and financing plan that is required by the Growth Management Act, [RCW 36.70A.070\(3\)](#). It is required to be kept up to date on an annual basis, and may by law be amended outside the regular Comprehensive Plan update process if the amendment occurs concurrently with the adoption of the City's budget, [RCW 36.70A.130\(2\)\(a\)\(iv\)](#). It is done in Lake Forest Park as a companion to the budgeting process and establishes priorities for construction or replacement of capital facilities of the City. A full update is on a two-year cycle that coincides with the mid-biennial budget review.

Lake Forest Park

The biennial budget also includes any project additions or updates as needed, such as new projects for which grants have been received.

5.3.11 Quasijudicial Ruling

A quasijudicial ruling is an administrative ruling made by the Council, Hearing Examiner, or Planning Commission wherein the process and facts to be heard and judged are prescribed by regulatory laws or ordinances and, as such, are appealable to a higher authority or court of law. The role of the deciding authority is carried out as a legal duty in the manner prescribed by the facts and applicable laws or regulations. The deciding authority's role in this regard is separate from the more usual role of legislative preference, and Council and the Planning Commission should be mindful of this role on the limited occasions during which a quasijudicial decision is before it.

5.3.12 Confirmation of City Officials

The following procedure shall apply to all confirmation proceedings:

- A. The Mayor will make nominations to the Council indicating the name and address of the nominee, commission or position of appointment, term expiration, and position number on the agenda for confirmation review.
- B. At the time of nomination, the Mayor will provide to each Councilmember a copy of the nominee's application and resume, and a letter from the nominee (if any).
- C. The confirmation agenda item at a regular meeting will be divided into two items:
 1. Confirmation Review; and
 2. Final Confirmation Calendar
- D. All nominees shall appear on the agenda for the first time for confirmation review preferably during study sessions. After completion of the review process, final confirmation of the nominee shall be placed on the Consent Calendar for final confirmation during the regular meeting. Upon consent of the Council, the nominee may be confirmed at the same meeting as the confirmation review.
- E. Confirmation review process shall include:
 1. Introduction of nominee by the Mayor.
 2. Three-minute statement by the nominee that should address the following issues:
 - a. Why does the nominee seek to serve the City as a commissioner or official?
 - b. What qualifications, skills, or abilities does the nominee bring to the commission or position?
 3. Questions from Councilmembers for the nominee.
- F. Final Confirmation Calendar: The list of nominees for final confirmation may be a separate addendum sheet to the regular agenda, provided it is posted with the agenda for the public. The entire list may be confirmed as part of the Consent Calendar, except any one Councilmember may remove any name from such a motion and that nominee shall thereafter be voted upon by separate motion.
- G. All nominees shall appear before the Council during confirmation review unless the nominee requests to be excused and such request is approved by the Council. An approved motion to suspend this rule and excuse the nominee from appearing shall allow the nominee to be scheduled for the final confirmation calendar. The confirmation review may be delayed no more than three consecutive meetings at the request of the Mayor, nominee or by majority consent of the Council.
- H. Final confirmation may be delayed for one regular meeting at the request of the nominee, the Mayor or by majority consent of the Council. The majority of the Council may approve a second delay. The nomination may be withdrawn prior to the call for the

Lake Forest Park

question for final confirmation. This action must be by the nominee in writing or verbally at a Council meeting or by the Mayor verbally at a Council meeting. Once a nomination is withdrawn, a subsequent nomination of the same individual must begin at the start of the process.

- I. Only Councilmembers and the Mayor may speak to a motion regarding final confirmation.

5.4 Voting

The votes during all meetings of the Council shall be transacted as follows:

- A. Unless otherwise provided by statute, ordinance, or resolution, all votes shall be taken by voice, except that at the request of any Councilmember, a roll call vote shall be taken and recorded by the City Clerk. The Presiding Officer shall determine the order of the roll call vote.
- B. In case of a tie vote on any proposal, the motion shall be considered lost. The Mayor shall have a vote only in the case of a tie in the votes of the Councilmembers with respect to matters other than the passage of any ordinance, grant, or revocation of franchise or license, or any resolution for the payment of money.
- C. Every Councilmember who was in the Council Chambers, or as authorized for remote participation, when the question was put shall give his/her vote unless the Council, for special reasons, shall excuse the Councilmember by motion. If any Councilmember refuses to vote "aye" or "nay" (for example, due to a conflict of interest), the result shall be determined in accordance with Robert's Rules, which generally means that it shall be as if the individual who abstained from voting was not present for the vote.
- D. Incorrect Vote. Immediately following a vote a Councilmember, if he/she feels that he/she has incorrectly voted or that a fellow Councilmember has voted incorrectly, he/she can request a revote if approved by a majority of the Council. Approval is not to be unreasonably withheld.

5.5 Ordinance and Resolution Drafting Standard

A resolution shall be drafted using the same rules as an ordinance and shall be drafted as follows for consideration by the Council:

- A. The ordinance number shall be at the top, centered and in bold. On all pages the ordinance number shall be placed in the footer, on the same line as the page number, right justified.
- B. The title shall be centered below the number in bold, capitalized letters.
- C. A straight line shall be placed below the title.
- D. The body of the document shall use 0.6-inch margins on the top, right and bottom and 1-inch on the left. Indentation shall always be 5 spaces when used. Block justification should be used with continuous line numbering in the left-hand column. A line space should be used between paragraphs. Twelve-point font should be used.
- E. "Whereas" clauses shall be stated with only the first sentence indented and "Whereas" capitalized and in bold.
- F. The required ordaining clause is placed following the "Whereas" clause(s). The first sentence will be indented. The clause is in capitalized bold lettering.
- G. The section number and short title shall be bold lettering using sentence capitalization. The remaining section-amending or adding clause is to use normal lettering and capitalization. The words "new section," when used, shall be stated in bold capital letters following the section number.

Lake Forest Park

- H. The content section shall be at one indentation with hanging indentation after the section amending clauses.
- I. The words being deleted from law shall be struck through with a line. Words being added shall be underlined. Words being added in a “new section” shall be in regular type.
- J. Legislative history shall appear at the end of the ordinance, as follows:
 - 1. Introduced by: (must be a Councilmember or by Executive Request)
 - 2. Date Introduced:
 - 3. Date Work Session (first and last dates only):
 - 4. Date Redrafted (with Council-adopted amendments):
 - 5. Date Final Action:
 - 6. Date Posted:
 - 7. Date Published:
- K. All ordinances, except those adopting quasijudicial decisions, shall have an “Ordinance Information Summary.” This summary shall be formatted as the ordinance with the ordinance number and title immediately below the page heading of Ordinance Information Summary. The headings for the summary information will be: (1) Purpose; (2) Effect; (3) Estimated Financial Impact. The date and version shall be indicated at the end of the text of the summary. The summary should be updated upon adoption of major amendments to an ordinance.

5.6 Amendments to Ordinances and Resolutions

- A. Once an ordinance or resolution is introduced it may only be changed by action of the Council.
- B. A referral to the Ordinances and Resolutions calendar constitutes a main motion to adopt the ordinance. Amendments to an ordinance are in order during Ordinances and Resolutions. Adoption of the main motion (ordinance as amended) is in order only on the Council Action calendar.
- C. Amending the ordinance or resolution may be done in two ways: 1) line-by-line, etc., or 2) by striking the entire ordinance/resolution after the title and replacing it with another entire version (this is known as a striking amendment). Line-by-line method is normally in order prior to a striking amendment unless by consent of Council. If a striking amendment is approved, the ordinance/resolution is considered automatically engrossed upon approval of the striking motion.
- D. The format for line-by-line (can be section-by-section) amendments is the following:

Amendment to Ordinance XXX by Councilmember XXX

On page __, line __ after the word “_____” Strike “_____” and Insert “_____”

- E. Line numbering will be used on amendment pages.
- F. Words that will be struck will be typed exactly as presented in the ordinance. It is also proper to state: “Strike all language in this section and insert.....,” if appropriate. Insertions will be typed exactly as required in ordinance standards. Striking language is always stated before insertion.
- G. In order to simplify amendments, only one strike and one insert may be put together in one amendment paragraph. The above example is one amendment paragraph. More than one amendment paragraph may be listed on a page.

Lake Forest Park

H. Drafting and copying of amendments, resolutions or ordinances for the Council by City staff shall be provided only upon the request of a Councilmember, the Mayor or by formal commission or board action.

6 The Executive Branch

6.1 Mayor

The Mayor shall be the chief executive and administrative officer of the City, in charge of all departments and employees, with authority to designate assistants and department heads. The Mayor may appoint and remove a chief administrative officer or assistant administrative officer, if so provided by ordinance or charter. He or she shall see that all laws and ordinances are faithfully enforced and that law and order is maintained in the city, and shall have general supervision of the administration of City government and all City interests (see RCW 35A.12.100). Other duties include:

- Faithful performance of contracts; bonds approved/disapproved; may file lawsuits (with Council confirmation);
- Make recommendations for Council consideration and action;
- Prepare and propose a budget; may veto ordinances passed by the Council; and
- Serve as the official and ceremonial head of the City and shall represent the City on ceremonial occasions.

6.2 City Administrator

The City Administrator is the chief operating officer for the City with administrative, executive and liaison functions under the direction and authority of the Mayor as chief executive officer. Duties, powers and responsibilities are: supervise, administer and coordinate the activities and functions of the various City offices and departments in carrying out the policies of the City Council, and administer and supervise the carrying out of the decisions, regulations and policies of the various City departments and commissions; regularly report to the Mayor and City Council concerning the status of all assignments, duties, projects and functions of the various City offices and departments; serve as personnel officer for the City, including, without necessary limitation:

- The hiring and discharging (subject to the approval of the Mayor) of all City employees except those employees and officers required by state law or City ordinance to be appointed by the Mayor or elected by the voters of the City, and subject to any applicable civil service laws, ordinances or regulations;
- Supervise all purchasing by the various City offices, departments and commissions;
- Supervise all expenditures by the various City offices, departments and commissions for the purpose of keeping the same within the limitations of the annual budget of the City;
- Assist the Mayor and City Council generally in conducting the City's business in all matters; and
- Perform such other duties and assume such other responsibilities as the Mayor or City Council may direct, and as by ordinances and resolutions of the City Council may be required. (See LFPMC 2.04).

6.2.1 Role of the City Administrator

The City Administrator shall attend all meetings of the City Council, unless excused by the Mayor. Under the direction of the Mayor, the City Administrator may recommend for adoption by the Council such measures as he/she may deem necessary or expedient, prepare and submit to

Lake Forest Park

the Council such reports or proposals as may be required by the body or as the City Administrator deems advisable to submit; keep the Council fully advised as to the business and finances of the City; and, when appropriate, shall take part in the Council's discussion on all matters concerning the welfare of the City. In the event that the City Administrator is unable to attend a Council meeting, the City Administrator, with the consent of the Mayor, shall appoint a key staff member to attend the meeting as the representative of City Administration. During Council meetings, the Presiding Officer should rely on the City Administrator to introduce the administrative participation on agenda items and should offer opportunity for comment or recommendation of the City Administrator before final vote on important matters.

6.3 Communications to the Public are Essential

The Mayor and City Administrator shall be responsible for the City communications function, but important and/or controversial communications shall be promptly copied to Council and other responses sent to Council pursuant to Council rules of procedure.

The Mayor is responsible for accurately communicating Council legislative policies. Prior to a final policy decision by the Council, the Mayor may also express the Administration's view as regarding a specific legislative policy but must clearly identify the Administration's view as separate from Council's proposed policy. When a final policy decision has been made, the policy of the City shall be clearly communicated.

6.4 Professional Standards are Respected

Through its personnel handbook, the City of Lake Forest Park encourages its key employees to participate in professional and trade organizations. City leaders support professional government and respect the professional association standards and model documents.

6.5 Regular and Understandable Financial Reporting

The City's regular financial reports enable the Council and community to understand the City's financial condition, and are in harmony with accounting standards for governmental organizations, applicable law and municipal best practices, taking into account brevity, cogency, and clarity.

6.6 Mayor and Administration are Mindful of Risk Management

Mayor and Administration assure the Washington Cities Insurance Authority (WCIA) member compact is followed. There is an annual review of risk management with WCIA. The interlocal agreement for WCIA membership provides for WCIA settlement of claims and lawsuits in consultation with the member. The Council empowers the Mayor and City Administrator to represent the City in claims administration, and the Council should be consulted on major claims and lawsuits or settlements involving direct payment of City resources. The Council will not interfere with the claims adjudication process. The Council will conduct its business equally mindful of risk management.

6.7 Public Information is Enhanced by Audio, Video, Website & Note

The City will strive to make its proceedings as accessible to the public as possible within the budget and technology available. Video, audio and/or approved minutes of meetings are concise and are approved and posted online in as timely a manner as possible.

Lake Forest Park

6.8 Correspondence

The Mayor and Council recognize the value of the City speaking with one voice and have agreed that, unless specifically otherwise determined, the Administration will prepare written responses to citizens.

The Administration will make every reasonable effort to respond to all written correspondence addressed to the Mayor and Council and copy the Council within 14 days of receipt. Response to verbal testimony by the Administration will be at the specific request of the Council.

The City Administrator will report on correspondence from the Administration between Council meetings in his/her report. Copies of such responses should be provided to the Council in their next meeting packet.

This shall not preclude individual Councilmember responses or informal responses coordinated with individual members and appropriate staff.

6.9 City Clerk - Minutes - Public Information Access

The City Clerk shall adhere to the requirements of State law ([RCW 35.23.121](#)), and shall be the ex-officio Clerk-of-the-Council. The City Clerk shall keep minutes as required by law, and shall perform such other duties in the meeting as may be required by the Council, Presiding Officer or City Administrator. In the absence of the City Clerk, the City Clerk shall appoint a replacement to act as Clerk-of-the-Council. The Clerk-of-the-Council shall keep minutes, which identify the general discussion of the issue and complete detail of the official action or consensus reached, if any. The City Clerk shall make an audio recording of the proceedings of all public hearings, regular business meetings, study sessions and workshops, and quasijudicial proceedings. The Clerk shall keep, and make available, an agenda and date for each audio recording, which will facilitate location of the recorded proceedings. The audio recordings shall be posted publicly on the City website, ideally within 48 hours after the meeting.

7 Public Participation in City Government

7.1 Public Comment Period at Business Meetings

The agenda for Council Business Meetings shall generally include a period of time known as the Public Comment Period. Within that time period, any member of the public may be recognized by the Presiding Officer and may address the full Council on any public issue – whether or not on the agenda. Unless Council determines otherwise, the Public Comment Period at a Business Meeting is reserved for comments by the public, rather than responses from the Council or the Administration.

7.2 Other Meetings with the Public Outside of City Hall

Work sessions, committee meetings and retreat meetings may provide opportunities for public comment. Opportunities for public comment will be noted on individual agendas.

7.3 Additional Avenues for Public Participation

Public process activities may also incorporate a range of tools such as press releases, newspaper columns, fact sheets, Q&As, etc., as described in the City's documents and guidelines pertaining to public participation in various projects and processes.

Lake Forest Park

7.4 Commissions

Lake Forest Park has adopted a volunteer commission system (detailed in LFPMC 2.22) that provides for appointed individuals to make policy, program, and budget recommendations in specific issue areas. The following Commissions have been established for public engagement and participation:

- A. Planning Commission;
- B. Community Services Commission;
- C. Environmental Quality Commission;
- D. Transportation Commission;
- E. Economic Development Commission; and
- F. Civil Service Commission.

8 Relationship between Council, Mayor and City Administrator, Staff and the Public

Council sets public policy to be carried out by the Administration and establishes budgetary authority for departments and positions, and may determine the duties and compensation of each, but does not interfere with the Mayor's and the City Administrator's management of City employees or the setting of internal operating policy.

8.1 Council and Administration Roles and Responsibilities Differentiated

Leaders adhere to the separate and distinct public policy and management roles of the Council and Administration. Administrative policy and complaints are handled by the Mayor, City Administrator and Department Heads ([RCW 35A.12.100](#)); legislative policy is established by Council for enactment by City Administration ([RCW 35A.11.020](#)).

8.2 Performance-Driven Management

The Mayor reviews the City Administrator's performance annually. The City Administrator is responsible for performance reviews of subordinates.

8.3 City Attorney Is Legal Counsel to the City and Its Officials Collectively

The City Attorney is appointed by the Mayor, subject to the confirmation by a majority of the City Council, and represents the City. In that capacity, she/he provides legal advice to the Mayor the Council, the City Administrator and staff to the extent their interests coincide with the City's.

8.4 Staff Communications Encouraged

Members of the Council are encouraged to interact with City staff designated by the administration for the purpose of gathering information, obtaining progress reports on policies and programs or providing information to staff relevant to their Council office. Councilmembers should avoid giving direction or advice to members of City staff. Councilmembers should be mindful of limited resources, and understand that larger requests for information may require additional time to fulfill. City staff should provide their supervisor with the same information shared with the Councilmember. Should the information provided relate to an actionable item on an upcoming agenda, Councilmembers should share the information with the Council.

8.5 City Administrator – Interference by Councilmembers

As provided by [RCW 35A.13.120](#), neither the Council, nor any of its committees or members, shall direct the appointment of any person to, or his or her removal from, office by the Mayor or any of his or her subordinates. Except for the purpose of inquiry, the Council and its members

Lake Forest Park

shall deal with the administrative service solely through the Mayor and neither the Council nor any committee or member thereof shall give orders to any subordinate of the Mayor, either publicly or privately. The provisions of this section do not prohibit the Council, while in open session, from fully and freely discussing with the Mayor or the City Administrator anything pertaining to appointments and removals of City officers and employees and City affairs.

8.6 Complaints to Councilmembers

When performance complaints or complaints of non-action are made by citizens about staff directly to an individual Councilmember or in a Council or committee meeting, the Council member or Council should then refer the matter directly to the Mayor for review and/or action. The individual Councilmember or the Council may request to be informed by the Administration of the action or response made to the complainant.

8.7 Administrative Complaints - "Best Practice"

Although citizens' direct access to elected officials is to be encouraged to help develop public policy, City Councilmembers should not develop a "personal intervention" pattern in minor calls for service or administrative appeals which may actually delay a timely customer service response. The best policy is to get the citizen into direct contact with the appropriate department or the City Administrator, unless an unsatisfactory result has occurred. In that case, refer to Section 8.7 above.

8.8 Staff Provides Adequate Information for Council Legislative Policy-Setting

Good information facilitates good decisions. Given the size of the City, the Council does not have its own separate research staff. Therefore, the Administration should assure that staff time is made available to the Council so that information provided to the Council is timely and sufficient for effective decision making.

- A. Information is adequate or sufficient when it provides a balanced background of the subject and gives the Council reasonable policy options and costs.
- B. Factual information requested by one member should be given to all members (within reason).
- C. Council will be notified in writing of delays in provision of information beyond one business meeting. This notification shall include a time line with regard to when and how a request will be handled.
- D. Subject to the foregoing, the Mayor, City Administrator and staff will work in good faith to respond to requests for information as thoroughly and as promptly as possible or refer the request to the Council for guidance.
- E. In the event that an information request is overly broad, the Mayor may request a narrowing of the scope of the request, and/or a reprioritization of current Council goals, which requires a majority vote of the Council.

8.9 Public Documents Ensure Open And Transparent Government

The Council and Administration will adhere to laws on public access to documents.